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TITLE: PRODUCTION OF ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES FOR DIAGNOSIS

OF ARBOVIRUS DISEASES

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SUMMARY

Antigens and antibodies were produced and standardized for use in ELISA. Antigens were produced by sucrose-acetone extraction of suckling mouse brain for 14 arboviruses and residual infectivity was inactivated with beta-propiolactone. An additional 10 viruses were passaged in mice and the mice were stored frozen awaiting sucrose-acetone extraction of the brains.

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FOREWORD

Opinions, interpretations, conclusions and recommendations are those of the author and are not necessarily endorsed by the U.S. Army.

In conducting research using animals, the investigators adhered to the "Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals," prepared by the Committee on Care and Use of Laboratory Animals of the Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources, National Research Council (NIH Publication No. 86-23, Revised 1985).

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BODY OF REPORT

1. Production of mouse brain sucrose-acetone extracted antigens.

Fourteen antigens were prepared during the project extension as listed here:

Antigen		Passage	Number of lots	Volume (ml) 67	Volume to date 284
Bandia	RV611	sm8	1	07	204
Dugbe	IbAr1792	sm12	3	154	259
LaCrosse	prototype	sm8V1sm1	1	13	13
Maguari	BeAr7272	sm9	1	45	268
Oriboca	BeAn17	sm14	1	23	23
Qalyub	EgAr 370	sm4	1	48	277
Rocio	SPH34675	sm6	2	87	87
Salehabad	181	sm16V2	1	62	85
Sicilian SF	Sabin	sm37V2	1	14	37
Sindbis	EgAr339	sm3V1sm1	1	40	40
tick-borne enc.	Czech	sm6	4	200	200
West Nile	Eg 101	sm13V1sm2	1	25	25
Toscana	ISS Phl-3	V1sm2	1	35	314
VS-New Jersey	Hazelhurs	t CE18V4sml	1	58	422

Additionally, 10 viruses were passaged in baby mice awaiting preparation of antigen lots. These were Bangui (6 lots), Candiru (6 lots), Colorado tick fever (2 lots), Guaroa (3 lots), Inkoo (5 lots), Sagiyama (3 lots), Sindbis (4 lots), Tensaw (3 lots), West Nile (5 lots), and Zika (1 lot).

2. Production of antibody to arboviruses in rabbits.

Rabbits were immunized with West Nile and Sindbis viruses during this contract period. Results of ELISA with ammonium sulfate concentrates with these and IgG from other rabbits immunized in the last contract period were:

Virus	Optimal titer in ELISA	Volume (ml)
Cocal	1:8000	6
	1:16000	80
	1:32000	96
Jamestown Canyon	1:16000	62
•	1:32000	30
Mucambo	1:400	13
	1:500	76
	1:4000	27
	1:32000	40
Semliki Forest	1:32000	35
	1:64000	40
Sindbis	1:4000	30
	1:16000	30
	1:32000	38
Snowshoe hare	1:500	73
West Nile	1:32000	15
	1:64000	40
	1:128000	50

Antigens for the above tests were employed at 1:10.

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

The problem of adapting some of the arboviruses to growth in rabbit kidney cells (RK-13) was not solved. In spite of this, for those arboviruses that did adapt, this system (infected rabbit kidney cells as immunogens for rabbits) with boosting at least 2 months after the primary series of inoculations, functioned well to yield high-titered IgG. In use with sucrose-acetone extracted mouse brain antigens, the IgG provided many excellent antigen-antibody sets for use in the ELISA, and is adaptable to rapid and sensitive diagnosis in military field laboratories.